Муниципальное бюджетное общеобразовательное учреждение

«Средняя общеобразовательная школа № 17 имени И.Л.Козыря

пос. Шаумянского»

**Методическая разработка**

открытого урока  **«Victory Day»,**

**посвященного 76-ой годовщине победы**

**в Великой Отечественной войне**

(для обучающихся 8 классов)

Автор: Цыганкова Тамара Александровна,

учитель английского языка

2021 г.

**Введение**

В настоящее время одной из ключевых задач образования является воспитание у обучающихся чувства патриотизма. Связь между современным поколением и теми, кто пережил страшное военное время, становится все тоньше. Поэтому учителя, независимо от предмета, который они преподают, должны в рамках своих уроков воспитывать у учащихся гордость и уважение к подвигу старшего поколения, готовность защищать свою Родину в любой момент. Представленная методическая разработка открытого урока направлена на изучение и повторение исторического материала о подвиге нашего народа в страшной войне.

**Цель мероприятия:**

*Обучающие:* вспомнить вместе с учащимися о героях и событиях II мировой войны, активизировать употребление лексических единиц по теме.

*Развивающие:* развивать и совершенствовать навыки чтения, устной речи, умения быстро отвечать на поставленные вопросы.

*Воспитательные:*  воспитывать чувство патриотизма и гордости за подвиг нашего народа.

Метапредметные связи: история, литература

*Оборудование:*  компьютер, карточки с текстом, карточки с заданиями

*Аудитория:*обучающиеся 8 класса

**ХОД МЕРОПРИЯТИЯ**

1. **Организационный момент.**

**Тeacher:**  Good morning, children.

**Children:** Good morning, teacher.

**Тeacher:**How are you today?

**Children:**Thank you, we are fine. And you?

**Тeacher:**Me too. I am very glad to see you. You may sit down.

*Дети садятся. Учитель продолжает беседу*:

Dear boys and girls! Tomorrow we will celebrate a great holiday – Victory Day. It’s a special day. It’s a wonderful holiday different from all other holidays. It is a national holiday and at the same time it’s a very personal one. So today we will talk about the Great Patriotic War and about Victory Day.

**Teacher** (учитель читает отрывок стихотворения «Священная война»):

Get up, the giant country

Get up, for mortal fight

With the dark fascist force

With the damned horde

Let noble fury

Boil up in a wave

There is a people’s war

There is a holy war

Like two opposed poles

We are enemies about everything

We fight for light and peace

Whereas they fight for darkness.

1. **Речевая разминка**
2. When is Victory Day?
3. When did the Great Patriotic War start?
4. Who was the leader of Nazi Germany?
5. What happens in all cities and towns on the 9th of May?
6. Name of the Russian soldier whose monument stands in Bulgaria?
7. Which city was blockaded for 900 days during the War?
8. What are the colours of George ribbon?
9. The best tank of the Soviet army during the World War II?
10. What is one of the symbols of the victory in the World War II?
11. **Введение новой лексики**

**Great Patriotic War** - Великая Отечественная война

**Victory Day** - День Победы

**Soviet Union** - Советский Союз

**to die** - погибнуть

**to win** - победить

**to forget** - забывать

**in honour of** - в честь (чего-либо)

**parade** - парад

**war** - война

**starvation** - голод

**veterans** - ветераны

**anniversary** - юбилей, годовщина

**German fascist forces** - фашистские войска Германии

**military activities** - военные действия

**occupation** - оккупация

**to honor the memory of fallen heroes** - чтить память погибших героев

**to defend** - защищать, оборонять

**to congratulate** - поздравлять

1. **Развитие навыков аудирования (прослушивают песню «Катюша» на английском языке)**

Apple trees and pear trees were a flower,

River mist was rising all around.

Young Katusha went strolling by the hour

On the steep banks,

O'er the rocky ground

By the river's bank she sang a love song

Of her hero in a distant land.

Of the one she'd dearly loved for so long,

Holding tight his letters in her hand.

Oh, my song, song of a maiden's true love,

To my dear one travel with the sun.

To the one with whom Katusha knew love,

Bring my greetings to him, one by one.

Let him know that I am true and faithful,

Let him hear the love song that I send.

Tell him as he defends our home that grateful,

True Katusha our love will defend.

Apple trees and pear trees were a flower,

River mist was rising all around.

Young Katusha went strolling by the hour

On the steep banks,

O'er the rocky ground.

1. **Физкультминутка**

**Teacher:** Let’s have a rest

-Children, I am sure you want to be brave and strong like Russian pilots! Let us do our morning exercises then!

Fly your planes like Russian pilots!

Fly a plane!
Do not be afraid!
Your hands are wings!
Hooray! Hooray!
Take off! Take off!
Now fly your plane.
And now landing.
You’re doing great!

1. **Работа в группах (заполняют таблицу)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| How many days did the Great Patriotic War last?  |  |
| In what year did the World War II begin? |  |
| How many days was Leningrad blockaded during the World War II? |  |
| How many hero cities we have in 2020?  |  |
| How many tanks took part in the battle of Kursk?  |  |
| When was the Soviet flag sat over the Reichstag building?  |  |
| How many days did the battle of Stalingrad last?  |  |

1418, 1941, 900, 12, 6000, 1200, 1.05.1945, 200.

1. **Закрепление новой лексики (**читают текст, находят и выписывают слова, выпишите относящиеся к теме Victory Day)

**Text 1.**In Russia and other countries Victory Day, or 9 May, is one of the great holidays of the year. It is a holiday of all people.In all towns, there are decorations, flags and placards in the streets, in the shop windows and on the front of large buildings. On Victory Day morning, there are meetings and demonstrations of the veterans who fought in the Great Patriotic War.On that day, there is military parade in all big cities of our country.Flowers and souvenirs are given to those who took part in the Great Patriotic War.There are many people in the streets and squares, at theatres, cinemas and concert halls. They are all celebrating their holiday. Many people go to see their friends or go for walks in the parks.In the evening, there is a holiday salute and a minute of silence to remember all those who did not come back from the war.

**Text 2.** The main holiday in our country is Victory Day. It is celebrated on the 9th of May. This year all Russian people celebrate the 70th anniversary of the great victory in the Great Patriotic War. But this holiday is also important for people of many other countries in the world. The Soviet people played the great part in liberating mankind from the danger of fascism. During the war the Soviet Army helped the populations of many countries. They gave them food and restored factories, roads, electric power stations and bridges. More than a million Soviet soldiers gave their lives for the sake of the freedom of many foreign countries. So this war is called the Second World War. This war was very long but it could be much longer. The creation of the anti-Hitler coalition in 1942 and especially the opening of the Second Front in 1944 helped precipitate the victory.The British and American people fought together with the Soviet ones against fascism (at least last year of the war).World War II veterans of the Murmansk port remember well the difficult times of the war and the solidarity of Soviet and American seamen. They transported equipment needed in the fight against fascism. The North Atlantic, as is known, was the shortest, but also the most dangerous, transport route from the countries of the anti-Hitler coalition to the Soviet Union. No less dangerous was the route of allied ships from Medvezhy (Bear) Island to the Kola Gulf where they were unloaded, under the endless attacks of Nazi aircraft. War materials and food-stuffs came into the hands of Murmansk’s dock workers, who risked their lives unloading the ships. There was the friendship of the Soviet and US workers, the solidarity of seamen and dock workers on both sides of the Atlantic during World War II. There is a military cemetery where the American and English seamen that had fallen fighting in World War II were buried.«The best monument to those who fell in battle, said one of a war veteran, will be our struggle for peace and friendship among peoples». The main lesson of the victory over fascism is that all people of the world must fight against a new war. All peace – loving forces must unite for active actions.

1. **Рефлексия**

**Тeacher:** Pupils, our lesson comes to the end. I think you loved it. What can you say about today’s lesson? Did you liked it? What information was the most interesting.

(ученики высказывают мнение по уроку)

**Teacher:** More than seventy years have passed since the victory in the Great Patriotic war, but it still finds reflection in human souls. This victory was achieved with great effort. Every family in the country was touched and involved into this cruel war. Victory Day is a symbol of a national pride, glory. It consolidates and joins everybody today. In our country Victory day is celebrated by all people in every city, town, village, because it brought peace not only for the Soviet People but for the people of many European countries. I’m glad that you know the history of Russia! We must remember the Great Patriotic War and its heroes, honour the memory of those who gave their lives for the freedom.

Our lesson is over. Good Bye!